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CLAIMS

A poly-ß-carboxyacrylamide polymer of formula

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$$XOOCCH=CHCONH \begin{cases} COOX \\ CHCH_2CONH \end{cases} COOX \\ CHCH_2COOX \end{cases}$$

(I)

10 wherein

X is an alkaline metal or a substituent capable of bringing about an exchange reaction with a salt of an alkaline earth metal,

said polymer having a ponderal average molecular weight greater than or equal to 2,000.

- 2. A polymer according to claim 1, wherein said polymer of formula (I) has a ponderal average molecular weight ranging between 5,000 and 50,000.
- 3. A polymer according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said polymer of formula (I) has a ponderal average molecular weight ranging between 10,000 and 30,000.
 - 4. A polymer according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein X is Na.
- 5. A process for preparing a polymer as described 25 in preceding claims 1 to 4, comprising the step of

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polymerisation in an aqueous phase of a maleate of ammonium and of an alkaline metal or a precursor thereof in the presence of a chain terminating compound in the form of a maleate completely salified with an alkaline metal or with a substituent capable of bringing about an exchange reaction with a salt of an alkaline earth metal, at a temperature of between 90 and 175°C and a molar ratio between chain terminating compound and monomer to be polymerised equal to or greater than 1:8.

6. A process according to claim 5, wherein the compound of formula (I) is prepared by means of polymerisation in the aqueous phase of a maleate of sodium and ammonium in the presence of a chain terminating compound in the form of a maleate salified with an alkaline metal selected from lithium, sodium and potassium.

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- 7. A process according to claim 6, wherein the monomer subjected to polymerisation is maleate of sodium and ammonium and the chain terminating compound is disodium maleate.
- 8. A process according to any one of claims 5 to 7, wherein the reaction temperature is between 125 and 150°C.
- 25 9. A polymer obtainable according to the process

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described in claims 5 to 8.

- 10. The use of the polymer described in any one of claims 1-4 and 9 as a sequestering agent in relation to the alkaline earth metals in the form of salts.
- 5 11. The use according to claim 10 as a sequestering agent for calcium and magnesium in the form of bicarbonate, chloride and sulphate.
 - 12. The use according to claim 11 as a sequestering agent for calcium in the form of bicarbonate.
 - 13. The use of the polymer described in any one of claims 1-4 and 9 as "cobilder".
 - 14. A detergent composition characterised in that it comprises an effective amount of the polymer described in claims 1-4 and 9.
 - 15. A collutory characterised in that it comprises an effective amount of the polymer described in any one of claims 1-4 and 9.
- 16. A decalcifying device characterised in that it
 20 comprises a polymer as described in any one of claims 14 and 9.